## **Amendments to the Claims:**

The following listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

said detection agent being an L-amino acid of following general formula (I):

comprising a color or fluorescent indicator, an enzymatic activity;

in which:

23. (Currently Amended) Method according to claim 22, characterized in that X issaid 1 to 3 substituents are chosen from hydrophobic groups.

- 24. (Currently Amended) Method according to claim 23, characterized in that X is chosen from wherein said 1 to 3 substituents are each selected from the group consisting of naphthalene-sulfonyl, tosyl-sulfonyl and mesitylene-sulfonyl.
- 25. (Previously Presented) Method according to claim 22, characterized in that the revealing agent is a cation salt.
- 26. (Previously Presented) Method according to claim 22, characterized in that the revealing agent is added to the culture medium at the same time as the detection agent.
- 27. (Previously Presented) Method according to claim 22, characterized in that the revealing agent is added to the culture medium after culturing the microorganisms.
- 28. (Previously Presented) Method according to claim 22, wherein the microorganisms which are detected and identified and/or quantified by enzymatic activity belong to the group *Proteus*.
- 29. (Previously Presented) Method according to claim 22, characterized in that at least one other detection agent for demonstrating, by forming a colored or fluorescent product, an enzymatic activity which is different from that demonstrated by the compound of general formula (I) is also added to said culture medium.
  - 30. (Currently Amended) A compound having the general formula (I):

in which:

——\_R represents an organic radical containing a cyclic ringamino acid radical, substituted with 2 or 3 groups Xsubstituents, which that are identical or different, and each of which

X represents a group other than hydrogen that, as compared to where X is hydrogen, limits the diffusion in the culture medium of the α-keto acid produced by the deamination of

the eyelic amino acid compound, as compared to where each of said substituents is not present.

wherein at least one of said 2 or 3 substituents is selected from the group consisting of naphthalene-sulfonyl, tosyl-sulfonyl and mesitylene-sulfonyl.

- 31. (Currently Amended) Compound according to claim 30, characterized in that said 2 or 3 substituents X is are chosen from hydrophobic groups.
- 32. (Currently Amended) Compound according to claim 30, characterized in that X is chosen from wherein said 2 or 3 substituents are each selected from the group consisting of naphthalene-sulfonyl, tosyl-sulfonyl and mesitylene-sulfonyl.
- 33. (Previously Presented) Compound according to claim 31, characterized in that it is O-(2-naphthalene-sulfonyl)-tyrosine.
- 34. (Previously Presented) Compound according to claim 31, characterized in that it is 4-O-toluene-sulfonyl-L-tyrosine.
- 35. (Previously Presented) Compound according to claim 31, characterized in that it is N-toluene-sulfonyl-L-histidine.
- 36. (Currently Amended) Method for preparing the compounds according to claim 30, comprising the following steps:
  - (a) formylation of the residue R,
- (b) addition of a salt of X-each of said 2 or 3 substituents onto the residue R formylated according to (a),
  - (c) deformylation of the residue R substituted according to (b).
- 37. (Previously Presented) Culture medium for microorganisms, comprising, besides the ingredients required for culturing said microorganisms, at least one compound according to claim 30, as a detection agent.

- 38. (Previously Presented) Culture medium according to claim 37, characterized in that the weight concentration of the detection agent(s) is between 0.025 and 5 g/l of culture medium.
- 39. (Previously Presented) Culture medium according to claim 37, wherein weight concentration of the detection agent(s) is between 0.1 and 2 g/l.
- 40. (Currently Amended) Culture medium according to claim 37, further comprising a revealing agent comprising a color or fluorescent indicator.
- 41. (Previously Presented) Culture medium according to claim 37, characterized in that it is in a gelled form.
- 42. (Previously Presented) Culture medium according to claim 37, characterized in that it also comprises at least one other detection agent for demonstrating, by forming a colored or fluorescent product, an enzymatic activity which is different from that demonstrated by the compound of general formula (I).
- 43. (Currently Amended) Method according to claim 22, wherein X represents each of said 2 or 3 substituents is a group that associates with or binds to constituents of the cells of the microorganisms to limit diffusion.
- 44. (Currently Amended) Method according to claim 23, wherein X represents each of said 2 or 3 substituents is a group that limits diffusion in hydrophilic medium.
- 45. (Currently Amended) Compound according to claim 30, wherein X represents each of said 2 or 3 substituents is a group that associates with or binds to constituents of the cells of the microorganisms to limit diffusion.
- 46. (Currently Amended) Compound according to claim 31, wherein X represents each of said 2 or 3 substituents is a group that limits diffusion in hydrophilic medium.

- 47. (Currently Amended) Detection agent comprising:
- (1) at least one compound having the general formula (I):

in which:

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_R represents an organic radical containing a cyclic ringamino acid radical, substituted with 1 group Xhydrophobic substituent,

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_X represents:

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_any group of hydrophobic type that, as compared to where X is hydrogen, limits the

diffusion of the α-keto acid produced by the deamination of the compound, as compared to where each of said substituents is not present eyelic amino acid, in a hydrophilic medium, or any group that 1 substituent that binds to constituents of the cells of the microorganisms, and

- (2) a revealing agent comprising a color or fluorescent indicator that produces a coloration or fluorescence with the at least one compound.
- 48. (New) The method of claim 22, wherein said 1 to 3 substituents are each selected from the group consisting of methyl, benzyl, carboxybenzoyl, dansyl, naphthalene, sulfonyl, tosyl, mesitylene, toluene, naphthalene-sulfonyl, toluene-sulfonyl, and N-ind-mesitylene-sulfonyl.
- 49. (New) The compound of claim 30, wherein said 2 or 3 substituents are each selected from the group consisting of methyl, benzyl, carboxybenzoyl, dansyl, naphthalene, sulfonyl, tosyl, mesitylene, toluene, naphthalene-sulfonyl, toluene-sulfonyl, and N-ind-mesitylene-sulfonyl.
- 50. (New) The detection agent of claim 47, wherein said substituent is selected from the group consisting of methyl, benzyl, carboxybenzoyl, dansyl, naphthalene, sulfonyl,

tosyl, mesitylene, toluene, naphthalene-sulfonyl, toluene-sulfonyl, and N-ind-mesitylene-sulfonyl.